Artificial Neural Networks for Shear Strength Evaluation of

Reinforced Concrete Deep Beams

Yasser Sharifi*

.Master of structures, Department of Civil Engineering, Vali-e-Asr University of Rafsanjan, Iran

yasser_sharifi@yahoo.com - y.sharifi@vru.ac.ir

Najmeh Mohamadi

Master of structures, Faculty of Engineering, Institute of Higher Education Allameh Jafari Rafsanjan,

Adel Moghbel

.Associate Professor, Department of Civil Engineering, Vali-e-Asr University of Rafsanjan, Iran

Abstract

Shear strength is increasingly important to design of reinforced concrete structural members.

An extensive numerical study was investigated to assess shear capacity of deep reinforced

concrete beams subjected to concentrated load. For this purpose effects of section geometries

and materials strengths of deep reinforced concrete beam were incorporated. A network

consisting of nine inputs developed based on artificial neural network to investigate shear

capacity of deep reinforced beams as output. Then a comparison was made between the results

obtained from artificial neural networks and results of code recommendations. Based on this

comparison it can be found that the presented equation gives better result than code

recommendations.

Keywords: deep reinforced concrete beams, shear strength, artificial neural network, code

نشریه علمی و ترویجی مصالح و سازههای بتنی

[۱] آقایاری رضا، عربزاده ابوالفضل و زنگنه زاده کیانا (۱۳۹۵). تحلیل رفتار تیرهای عمیق با بتن مقاومت بالا تحت بار گسترده. 1 مجله علمی پژوهشی عمران مدرس، دوره شانزدهم، شماره دو.

- [2] Arabzadeh A, Aghayari R and Rahai AR. (2011). Investigation of experimental and analytical shear strength of reinforced concrete deep beams. International Journal of Civil Engineering, 9(3):207-214.
- [3] Arabzadeh A, Rahai AR. and Aghayari R (2009). A Simple Strut-and-Tie Model for Prediction of Ultimate Shear Strength of RC Deep Beams. International Journal of Civil Engineering, 7(3):141-153.

[۴] کیا، س. م، (۱۳۹۳). شبکههای عصبی در MATLAB ویرایش سوم، تهران، دانشگاهی کیان.

[۵] طرح و اجرای ساختمانهای بتن ارمه، دفتر مقررات ملی ساختمان، وزارت راه و شهرسازی. مبحث نهم.

- [6] Elcordy MF, Chang KC and Lee GC. (1993). Neural networks trained by analytically simulated damage states. J Comput Civil Eng, 7(2):130-45.
- [7] Sand A and Saka M. (2001). Prediction of ultimate shear strength of reinforced-concrete deep beams using neural networs. J Struct Eng., 127(7):818-828.
- [8] Inel M. (2007). Modeling ultimate deformation capacity of RC columns using artificial neural networks. Eng Struct, 29(3):329-35.
- [9] Tang S, Kong FK snd Poh SP. (1998). Shear strength of reinforcement and prestressed concrete deep beams. Proceedings of the Institution of Civil Engineers Structures and Buildings, 128(2):112-123.
- [10] Naderpour H and Alavi SA. (2017). A proposed model to estimate shear contribution of FRP in strengthened RC beams in terms of Adaptive Neuro-Fuzzy Inference System. Composite Structures, 170:.215-227.
- [11] Hosseini G. (2017). Capacity Prediction of RC Beams Strengthened with FRP by Artificial Neural Networks Based on Genetic Algorithm. Soft Computing in Civil Engineering, 1(1):93-98.
- [12] Farahnaki R. (2017). The application of particle swarm optimization and artificial neural networks to estimating the strength of reinforced concrete flexural members. Soft Computing in Civil Engineering, 1(2):1-7
- [۱۳] نادرپور حسین و فخاریان پویان. (۱۳۹۶). پیش بینی مقاومت پیچشی تیرهای بتن آرمه تقویت شده با FRP با استفاده از شبکه های عصبی مصنوعی. مهندسی سازه و ساخت، شناسه دیجیتال 10.22065/JSCE.2017.70668.1023.
- [14] Kong FK. (2002). Reinforced concrete Deep Beams. Taylor & Francis e Library, Van Nostrand Reinhold New York.
- [15] Kong FK, Robins PJ and Cole DF. (1970). Web reinforcement effects on deep beams. ACI struct J, 67(12):1010-1018.
- [16] ACI , Committee 318. (2015). Building Code Requirements for Structural Concrete (ACI 218-05) and Commentary (ACI 318-05), USA.
- [17] Hagan MT and Menhaj M. (1999). Training feed-forward networks with the Marquardt algorithm. IEEE Transactions on Neural Networks, 5:989-93.